# EDUCATION SCRUTINY COMMITTEE - 12 DECEMBER 2016 <br> EDUCATION ATTAINMENT REPORT (SECONDARY) 2016 (Provisional results) 

Report by Strategic Lead - Education Quality

## Introduction

1. This report presents an overview of the provisional educational outcomes of children and young people in Oxfordshire secondary schools for the academic year 2015-16.
2. A new secondary school accountability system was implemented in 2016. The headline accountability measures for schools from 2016 are: Attainment 8, Progress 8, Attainment in English and Maths ( $\mathrm{A}^{*}-\mathrm{C}$ ), and English Baccalaureate (EBacc) entry and achievement.
3. Provisional results published by the DfE in October indicates that overall Oxfordshire performs broadly in line or above the national average in these key measures; however the county performs less well when compared against its statistical neighbour group ${ }^{1}$.
4. There continues to be a variation in performance between localities and types of school within the county.
5. Comparative data for different groups of pupils (e.g. disadvantaged pupils) have not yet been published by the DfE. This data will be available from midJanuary 2017.

Table 1: Key headline measures

|  | Average Attainment 8 score per pupil | Progress <br> 8 <br> Score | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{A}^{*}-\mathrm{C} \\ & \text { English \& } \\ & \text { Maths } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | EBacc achievement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oxfordshire | 50.3 | 0.02 | 65.4 | 24.5 |
| England | 49.8 | -0.03 | 62.8 | 24.6 |
| Statistical Neighbour average | 51.8 | 1.04 | 66.7 | 28.5 |

## Attainment 8

6. Attainment 8 is the new headline measure and is made up from eight subjects:
[^0]- English element (double weighted). This is based on the highest point score of a pupil's English language or English literature qualification. This will be double weighted provided that both qualifications have been taken. In 2016 an English (combined) qualification can be included and double weighted. If only GCSE English literature or English language is taken then this qualification will count in the English slot, but will not be doubleweighted.
- Maths element. A double weighted mathematics element that will contain the point score of the pupil's mathematics qualification.
- English Baccalaureate (EBacc) element. This includes the three highest point scores from any of the qualifications that contribute to the EBacc (science subjects, computer science, history, geography, and languages)
- Open element - The remaining element contains the three highest point scores in any three other subjects. This can include English language or literature (as only the highest one is counted in the English slot), further GCSE qualifications (including any EBacc subjects not included in the EBacc element if more than three EBacc qualifications were taken) or any other non-GCSE qualifications on the DfE approved list.
- The Attainment 8 score is the sum of the 4 separate elements (English, mathematics, EBacc and Open elements).

7. The maximum Attainment 8 score for a pupil taking only GCSE qualifications is 80 , for a pupil who achieves eight $A^{*}$ grades at GCSE in qualifying subjects ${ }^{2}$.
8. For illustration, 8 C grades at GCSE would give an Attainment 8 score of 50 and 8 B grades an Attainment 8 score of 60 . See Appendix C page 11 for worked examples in calculating Attainment 8.

Table 2: Attainment 8 scores by element

|  | Average <br>  <br> Attainment 8 <br> score per pupil | English <br> element | Maths <br> element | EBacc <br> element | Open <br> element |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Oxfordshire | 50.3 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 14.1 | 15.5 |
| England | 49.8 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 13.7 | 15.7 |

9. The Attainment 8 score for Oxfordshire is 50.3 (broadly equivalent to 8 C grades). Although this is slightly above the national figure (49.8) it is the lowest of the statistical neighbour group. Buckinghamshire has the highest Attainment 8 score (55.3). See chart on page 4 for statistical neighbour performance.
10. The scores per pupil for the English, mathematics and EBacc elements are very slightly higher in Oxfordshire than those nationally. However the attainment score for the Open element drops slightly below the national figure.

[^1]11. The Open element comprises of GCSE and non-GCSE subjects. Table 3 indicates that it is the non-GCSE subjects in which Oxfordshire's attainment falls below the national average.

Table 3: Attainment 8 Open element

|  | Attainment 8 - Open element |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Total | GCSE component <br> only | Non-GCSE <br> component only |
| Oxfordshire | 15.5 | 13.8 | 1.7 |
| England | 15.7 | 12.9 | 2.8 |

12. Approximately three quarters (74\%) of the Oxfordshire cohort only had GCSE subjects making up their Open element. $24 \%$ of pupils had combinations of GCSE and non-GCSE subjects. Only a minority of pupils only had non-GCSE subjects in this element.
13. The choice of curriculum on offer at a school will affect the combination of subjects that make up the Open element which means that careful interpretation of this element is necessary.
Schools where pupils take a wide range of EBacc subjects (e.g. triple sciences, languages, geography and/or history) will find that the lower grades for these subjects populate their Open element (the 3 subjects with the higher grades will populate the EBacc element). Schools where pupils take subjects that are not included in the EBacc (art, drama, sport and non-GCSE subjects) will have their grades in these subjects populating their Open element.

## Progress 8

14. Progress 8 captures the progress a pupil makes from the end of key stage 2 to the end of key stage 4. It compares pupils' achievement (their Attainment 8 score) with the average Attainment 8 score of all pupils nationally who had a similar starting point (or 'prior' attainment).
Progress 8 is a relative measure; therefore the national average Progress 8 score for mainstream schools is zero ${ }^{3}$.
A positive Progress 8 score indicates that on average pupils within a school (or group) have made more progress than similar pupils nationally.
15. The DfE guidance states that Progress 8 scores should be interpreted alongside their associated confidence intervals in order to determine whether their progress score is statistically significant.
16. Oxfordshire's Progress 8 figure of 0.02 means that on average pupils in the county are making slightly more progress than pupils with the same prior attainment nationally.
[^2]ESC6

Table 4: Progress 8 scores by element

|  | Progress scores |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Overall <br> Progress 8 <br> measure | English <br> element | Maths <br> element | EBacc <br> element | Open <br> element |
| Oxfordshire | 0.02 | 0.06 <br> Sig above | 0.09 <br> Sig above | 0.09 <br> Sig above | -0.13 <br> Sig below |
| England | -0.03 | -0.04 | -0.02 | -0.02 | -0.04 |

17. Progress scores for the English, maths and EBacc elements show that the progress made by pupils in Oxfordshire is significantly above average compared to the progress made by pupils nationally who has the same prior attainment.
Oxfordshire's performance is broadly in the middle of the statistical neighbour group for these elements.

Chart 1: Attainment and progress by statistical neighbours


## Attainment in English and maths ( $\mathrm{A}^{*}-\mathrm{C}$ )

Table 5: Attainment in English and maths - 3 year trend

|  | \% English \& Maths (A*-C) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Oxfordshire | 57.4 | 62.1 | 65.4 |
| England | 58.9 | 59.2 | 62.6 |
| Statistical Neighbour Average | 58.2 | 63.9 | 66.7 |

18. Attainment in English and maths at grades $A^{*}$ - C increased by $3.3 \%$ points in Oxfordshire between 2015 and 2016. This remains higher than the national figure of $62.6 \%$, which also saw a similar increase.
[^3]The majority of this increase is due to a change in methodology in 2016. This new methodology requires pupils to achieve an $A^{*}-C$ in either language or literature, with no requirements to take both. Previously pupils had to take exams in both English language and literature, but achieve an $\mathrm{A}^{*}-\mathrm{C}$ in English language.
19. At school level in Oxfordshire the proportion of pupils achieving $A^{*}-C$ in English and mathematics varies from 42\% to 86\%.

## Attainment at 5 A*-C GCSEs including in English and mathematics

20. This is no longer a key performance measure. The DfE have provided indicative figures for 2016 data to local authorities for information, however due to changes in methodology (e.g. in English) a direct comparison with previous years in not advisable.
21. Provisional data for Oxfordshire indicates that $58.7 \%$ of pupils achieved at least 5 A*-C GCSEs including in English and maths. In 2016 this figure was $_{\text {* }}$ 59.7\%.

## Key performance measures by school:

Appendix A on page 9 shows the Attainment 8 and Progress 8 scores by school in Oxfordshire.
22. There continues to be a degree of variation in both attainment and performance between schools in the county.
23. The Attainment 8 score in Oxfordshire varies from 43.1 to 58.5.

The Progress 8 score in Oxfordshire varies from -0.39 to 0.8 .
24. The Progress 8 figure for The Oxford Academy (0.82) is significantly higher than that of other schools in the county.
This is the $14^{\text {th }}$ highest Progress 8 score out of all secondary schools nationally.
This indicates that on average pupils at The Oxford Academy achieved 0.8 of a grade higher than other pupils with the same prior attainment.

## Key performance measures by locality.

25. Overall schools in the Didcot locality have the highest attainment and progress scores in the county.
26. Progress 8 scores in both Didcot and Oxford localities are noticeably higher than elsewhere in the county. This indicates that pupils in these two areas make more progress between key stages 2 and 4 than pupils with similar prior attainment nationally.

Table 6: Attainment and progress scores by locality (provisional)

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| Locality | Attainment 8 <br> score | Progress 8 <br> score |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Abingdon | 49.1 | -0.14 |
| Banbury | 50.1 | 0.07 |
| Bicester | 48.4 | -0.14 |
| Didcot | 53.5 | 0.17 |
| Oxford | 49.3 | 0.15 |
| Thame | 52.4 | 0.05 |
| Wantage \& Faringdon | 52.5 | 0.08 |
| Witney \& Carterton | 50.0 | -0.05 |
| Woodstock \& Chipping <br> Norton | 52.0 | 0.04 |

(Locality data excludes pupils attending special schools)
27. Three localities, Bicester, Abingdon and Witney, have negative Progress 8 scores, indicating that on average pupils makes slightly less progress in these areas than pupils with the same prior attainment nationally. All three of these localities have lower Attainment 8 scores as well.
28. The DfE publish district level comparisons. These are due in January 2017.

Chart 2: Attainment and progress by locality (provisional)


## Attainment by gender

Table 7: Key performance measures by gender (provisional)

|  | \% of Cohort | Attainment 8 |  | Progress 8 |  | A $^{*}$-C English \& maths |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oxfordshire | Oxfordshire | National | Oxfordshire | National | Oxfordshire | National |
| Girls | 2922 <br> $(49 \%)$ | 52.9 | 52.1 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 70.2 | 66.7 |
| Boys | 3053 <br> $(51 \%)$ | 47.7 | 47.5 | -0.14 | -0.17 | 60.8 | 58.6 |

29. Nationally girls continue to outperform boys, making considerably more progress as well as having higher attainment.
30. Girls in Oxfordshire have a higher Attainment 8 score (52.9) than girls nationally (52.1) and their progress is significantly higher than that of all pupils with the same prior attainment nationally.
31. Boys in Oxfordshire have an Attainment 8 score (47.7) that is broadly in line with all boys nationally. Their Progress 8 score ( -0.14 ) indicates that boys in Oxfordshire make less progress compared to all pupils with the same prior attainment nationally, but they do make more progress than the national boys cohort (-0.17).

## Attainment by prior attainment band ${ }^{5}$

Table 8: Key performance measures by prior attainment (provisional)

| Prior <br> attainment | \% of Cohort |  | Attainment 8 |  | Progress 8 |  |  <br> maths |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oxon | National | Oxon | National | Oxon | National | Oxon | National |
| Low | 18.4 | 16.9 | 28.2 | 31.3 | -0.21 | 0 | 10.8 | 11.8 |
| Middle | 52.2 | 51.8 | 49.7 | 49.2 | 0.06 | 0 | 66.8 | 62.6 |
| High | 29.4 | 31.3 | 65.0 | 64.3 | 0.08 | 0 | 97.1 | 95.7 |

32. In 2016 the key stage 4 cohort in Oxfordshire had a slightly higher proportion of low prior attaining pupils (18.4\% compared with 16.9\%) and a slightly lower proportion of high prior attaining pupils (29.4\% compared with 31.3\%) than the national distribution.
33. The low prior attaining cohort in Oxfordshire performs less well at the key headline measures than the same cohort nationally. In particular the Progress 8 score for this cohort is statistically significantly below the national average, with pupils making 0.2 of a grade on average less than similar pupils nationally.
Only $10.8 \%$ of this cohort achieved an $A^{*}-C$ at GCSE in both English and mathematics.
34. Pupils who achieved the expected level 4 at key stage 2 (Middle prior attainment group) in Oxfordshire perform slightly above the same group nationally. This is most noticeable in English and maths where 66.8\% achieved at least a C grade in both subjects compared with $62.6 \%$ nationally.
35. High prior attaining pupils in Oxfordshire continue to perform well at key stage 4.

## Attainment by school type

Table 9: Key performance measures by school type (provisional)

[^4]ESC6

| School Type | Number of <br> schools | Number <br> of pupils | Attainment 8 |  | Progress 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Oxfordshire | National | Oxfordshire | National |  |
| LA maintained mainstream | 6 | 715 | 47.3 | 49.8 | -0.2 | -0.03 |
| Academies - convertor | 23 | 4461 | 52.0 | 53.2 | 0.07 | 0.09 |
| Academies - sponsored | 5 | 679 | 47.1 | 45.8 | 0.09 | -0.14 |

36. The majority of secondary schools in Oxfordshire are convertor academies. This group of schools have the highest average Attainment 8 score (52.0) within the county. However this is lower than the average for this group of schools nationally (53.2). The average progress across this group of schools is broadly in line with that for convertor academies nationally.
37. There are five sponsored academies in Oxfordshire ${ }^{6}$. As a group these schools perform noticeably better than sponsored academies nationally.
In particular pupils in these schools make significantly more progress (Progress 8 score of 0.08) than pupils nationally (who have a Progress 8 score of zero) and pupils in sponsored academies nationally (Progress 8 score -0.14).
This is primarily due to the high progress of pupils at The Oxford Academy.
38. Attainment and progress of pupils in the six LA maintained schools falls below that of LA maintained schools nationally. The Progress 8 score of -0.2 means that on average pupils in this group of schools achieve 0.2 of a grade less than pupils with similar prior attainment nationally.
[^5]Appendix A.

## Attainment and Progress by school (provisional)



| 1 | Banbury Academy |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Bartholomew School |
| 3 | Blessed George Napier |
| 4 | Burford School |
| 5 | Carterton CC |
| 6 | Cheney School |
| 7 | Chiltern Edge |
| 8 | Chipping Norton School |
| 9 | Didcot Girls' School |
| 10 | Faringdon CC |
| 11 | Fitzharrys School |
| 12 | Gillotts School |
| 13 | Gosford Hill School |
| 14 | lcknield Community College |
| 15 | John Mason School |
| 16 | King Alfred's |
| 17 | Langtree School |
| 18 | Larkmead School |
| 19 | Lord Williams's School |
| 20 | Matthew Arnold School |
| 21 | North Oxfordshire Academy |
| 22 | Oxford Spires Academy |
| 23 | Oxfordshire |
| 24 | Space Studio Banbury |
| 25 | St Birinus School |
| 26 | St Gregory the Great |
| 27 | The Bicester School |
| 28 | The Cherwell School |
| 29 | The Cooper School |
| 30 | The Henry Box School |
| 31 | The Marlborough |
| 32 | The Oxford Academy |
| 33 | The Warriner School |
| 34 | Wallingford School |
| 35 | Wheatley Park School |
|  |  |
| 10 |  |
| 10 |  |

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Appendix B. List of schools by locality

| Abingdon | Fitzharrys School |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | John Mason School |
|  | Larkmead School |
|  | Matthew Arnold School |
| Banbury | Banbury Academy |
|  | Blessed George Napier Catholic School |
|  | North Oxfordshire Academy |
|  | The Warriner School |
| Bicester | Gosford Hill School |
|  | The Bicester School |
|  | The Cooper School |
| Didcot | Chiltern Edge School |
|  | Didcot Girls' School |
|  | Gillotts School |
|  | Langtree School |
|  | St Birinus School |
|  | Wallingford School |
| Oxford City | Cheney School |
|  | Oxford Spires Academy |
|  | St Gregory the Great Catholic School |
|  | The Cherwell School |
|  | The Oxford Academy |
| Thame | Icknield Community College |
|  | Lord Williams's School |
|  | Wheatley Park School |
| Wantage | Faringdon Community College |
|  | King Alfred's Academy |
| Witney | Burford Secondary School |
|  | Carterton Community College |
|  | The Henry Box School |
|  | Wood Green School |
| Woodstock | Bartholomew School |
|  | Chipping Norton School |
|  | The Marlborough CofE School |

## Appendix C.

## Calculating Attainment 8

## Worked Example A

Table 1 sets out how the Attainment 8 score would be calculated for a particular pupil, Gillian.

|  | Qualification | Grade | Points | Included in <br> measure? | Element | Doubled | Total <br> Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GCSE maths | A | 7 | Y | Maths | Y | 14 |
| 2 | GCSE English Language | $\mathrm{A}^{*}$ | 8 | Y | English | Y | 16 |
| 3 | GCSE English Literature | B | 6 | Y | Other | N | 6 |
| 4 | GCSE Core Science | A | 7 | Y | EBacc | N | 7 |
| 5 | GCSE Additional Science | B | 6 | Y | EBacc | N | 6 |
| 6 | GCSE art | C | 5 | Y | Other | N | 5 |
| 7 | GCSE French | $\mathrm{A}^{*}$ | 8 | Y | EBacc | N | 8 |
| 8 | GCSE Spanish | B | 6 | Y | Other | N | 6 |
| 9 | GCSE Religion Studies | D | 4 | N |  |  |  |

Attainment 8 score is the sum of the elements $=68$
Dividing the Attainment 8 score by 10 gives the pupil's average grade. In this case it is 6.8 , between a GCSE grade A and B.

## Worked Example B

Table 2 sets out how the Attainment 8 score would be calculated for a particular pupil, Hardip.

|  | Qualification | Grade | Points | Included in <br> measure? | Element | Doubled | Total <br> Points |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GCSE maths | D | 4 | Y | Maths | Y | 8 |
| 2 | GCSE English Language | C | 5 | Y | English | N | 5 |
| 3 | GCSE Core Science | C | 5 | Y | EBacc | N | 5 |
| 4 | BTEC First Award in <br> Hospitality | Merit | 6 | Y | Other | N | 6 |
| 5 | BTEC First Award in Sport | Pass | 5 | Y | Other | N | 5 |
| 6 | Cambridge National <br>  <br> Enterprise | Pass | 5 | Y | Other | N | 5 |
| 7 | NCFE Certificate in <br> Engineering Studies | Pass | 5 | N |  |  |  |

The English point score is not doubled as Hardip did not take both English language and Literature.
He has only taken one EBacc subject, so he scores zero for two of the three EBacc slots. Only three of his four non-GCSE qualifications are counted in the Other slot.

Attainment 8 score is the sum of the elements $=34$
Dividing the Attainment 8 score by 10 gives the pupil's average grade. In this case it is 3.4 , between a GCSE grade D and E.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Statistical neighbour group - a set of local authorities designated by National Foundation for Educational Research (NFER) on behalf of the DfE as having the most similar socio-economic characteristics. Oxfordshire's statistical neighbours are Bath \& NE Somerset, Bracknell Forest, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Gloucestershire, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, West Berkshire, West Sussex and Wiltshire.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Key Stage 4 point scores (2016) - A*- 8, A - 7, B $-6, C-5, D-4, E-3, F-2, G-1$

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ For all mainstream pupils nationally, the average Progress 8 score will be zero. When including pupils at special schools the national average will not be zero. A Progress 8 score of 1.0 means pupils in the group make on average a grade more progress than the national average; a score of -0.5 means they make on average half a grade less progress than average

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ Sig above indicates that the progress score is statistically significantly above the national average. Sig below indicates that the progress score is statistically significantly below the national average.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ Low prior attainment - achieved below the expected level 4 at key stage 2
    Middle prior attainment - achieved the expected level 4 at key stage 2
    High prior attainment - achieved above the expected level 4 at key stage 2

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ Banbury Academy, Bicester School, North Oxfordshire Academy, Oxford Spires, The Oxford Academy

